REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE

Form Approved OMB No. 0704-0188

	OND 140. 0704-0100					
Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and						
	this collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any					
including suggestions for reducing this burden to Department of Defense, Washington Headquarters Services, Directorate for Information Operations and Reports (0704-0188), 1215 Jefferson Davis						
Highway, Suile 1204, Arlington, VA 22202-4302. Respondents should be aware that notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person shall be subject to any penalty for failing to comply with a						
collection of information if it does not display a currently valid OMB control number. PLEASE DO NOT RETURN YOUR FORM TO THE ABOVE ADDRESS.						
1. REPORT DATE (DD-MM-YYYY)	2. REPORT TYPE	3. DATES COVERED (From - To)				
the state of the s		· ·				

1. REPORT DATE (D	D-MM-YYYY)	2. REPORT TYPE	2 DO NOT HETOIN TOOM TO	3.	DATES COVERED (From - To)	
Technical Papers 4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE				58	. CONTRACT NUMBER	
				5k	. GRANT NUMBER	
				-	. PROGRAM ELEMENT NUMBER	
				50	PROGRAM ELEMENT NUMBER	
6. AUTHOR(S)					I. PROJECT NUMBER	
					. TASK NUMBER	
					. WORK UNIT NUMBER	
7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)					PERFORMING ORGANIZATION EPORT	
Air Force Research Laboratory (AFMC)						
AFRL/PRS 5 Pollux Drive						
Edwards AFB CA 93524-7048						
9. SPONSORING / MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)					. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S	
				A	CRONYM(S)	
Air Force Research	Laboratory (AFM)	C)		11	. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S	
AFRL/PRS 5 Pollux Drive					NUMBER(S)	
Edwards AFB CA	3524-7048					
12. DISTRIBUTION /	AVAILABILITY STAT	EMENT			***************************************	
Approved for public release; distribution unlimited.					·	
13. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES						
14. ABSTRACT						
				20020	070 007	
. 2002					830 097	
15. SUBJECT TERMS						
16. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF:			17. LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT	18. NUMBER OF PAGES	19a. NAME OF RESPONSIBLE PERSON	
A DEDONT					Leilani Richardson	
a. REPORT	b. ABSTRACT	c. THIS PAGE	Α		19b. TELEPHONE NUMBER (include area code)	
Unclassified	Unclassified	Unclassified	1	1	(661) 275-5015	

5 items enclosed

@ Paper Recid. After 30-days Deadline = 22 days undel Deadline)

FROM: PROI (STINFO)

22 July 2002

SUBJECT: Authorization for Release of Technical Information, Control Number: AFRL-PR-ED-AB-2002-190

James Haas (AFRL/PRSS) et al., "Thrust, Ion Current Density, and Energy Distribution Measurements of the BPT-4000 Hall Effect Thruster" (abstract only)

28th Int'l Electric Propulsion Conference (Toulouse, France, 17-21 March 2003) (<u>Deadline: 14 August 2002</u>)

MEMORANDUM FOR PRS (In-House/Contractor Publication)

(Statement A)

Thrust, Ion Current Density and Energy Distribution Measurements of the BPT-4000 Hall Effect Thruster

James Haas, Scott Engelman, and Ronald Spores Air Force Research Laboratory Edwards AFB, CA

Kristi de Grys, David King, and Fred Wilson General Dynamics Redmond, WA

ABSTRACT

On-going General Dynamics (GD) and Air Force Research Laboratory (AFRL) research is presented, attempting to better understand the causes of the observed Beginning of Life (BOL) performance degradation of the BPT-4000 Hall thruster. Although current thruster performance meets the minimal mission requirements for average performance, reduction or elimination of the performance decrease could yield a mission average performance increase of up to 6%. Extensive thrust stand measurements will be made to establish baseline thruster performance, verify performance degradation, and evaluate the effect of thruster modifications. Three-dimensional Faraday probe maps of the ion current density will be made 1 m from the thruster. This will provide crucial information on beam divergence and propellant utilization, two possible explanations for the performance degradation. Ion energy distribution profiles will be obtained on thruster centerline using a retarding potential analyzer (RPA). This will provide information on the accelerating potential experienced by the primary discharge ions, a third possible explanation for the performance drop.